An Ossay Typhoid Hoer Respectifully Submitted to the Haculty
of the
Homocopathic Medical College
of Sonnsy Ivania David & Gardiner February 145 1857 Sennsylvania

This desease has been denominated by

Nescritus, by different names, biz; Entero-Mescriture Fiver, Continued Fever, Abdom-- mal Typhus, Nervous Fever, Typhus-Milior.

Typhoid Floer may be defined to be that form of febrele affection, which is attended with lesion of the Glands of the Thum, and characterized by hose-colound spots on the abdomen, and Ludamina. This desease sometimes comes on abruptly with a chell, followed by the usual symptoms of fiver; but, as it occurs In this Country, it makes its attack in a very insideous manner, more So, than any other acute disease, and required an Efquisite tact, and most complete exper- cence to discouver its existance from the first, and the most thisful Thysician may mistake the disease until it has arrived at its more advanced period. The patient complaints at first of bodily and mental languer, and debility, no disposition to more about, a feeling of General fatigue, Sources, numbress and pain in the timbs, and back, loss of appetite, the longue is slightly funced, the Skin is dry but not remarkably hot, The bulse is modcrately quickened. There may be some chill-- mess alternating with heat; and generally There is dearrhoea or constipation, more generally dearchoed; This may be called the foreming or inchrative stage, and Continues an unlimated length of time, from six to twelve days, when the patient

feels sick enough to go to bed, and the disease assumes the ordinary phenomena of fever; the foulse becomes accelerated, and in some cases is full and strong, and others frequent, Small and compressable, being more frequent in Jemales than males; the Countanance shows marks of disease, being heavy, and Efpressing anxiety and depression; the Sleep is generally disturbed, and the dis-- turbance increases as the disease advances; bleeding at the nose generally occurs, and is Considered by some a Characteristic Symptom. The wine is Scanly and high Coloured. The patient Complains very much of head-ache; These Lymptoms Continue for Several days to increase, with new symptoms.

The patient no longer complains, but is indifferent about answering your questions, the countername becomes Sunkin and has a ladavene apperance; there is sluper, and drowseness, altunating with delereum; pulling the bed clothes, the hearing which is im paired from the first, becomes more so, and the patient becomes quite deaf; he imagines he hears sounds and mus which do not exist; the eyes present a peculiar heavy languid appearance, watery and red from injection of the Conjunctival vessels; there is great sensability to light, the abdomen becomes Enlarged and tympanetic; the bowles are sometimes constipated, but more generally there is dearchoea; The patient

Complains of pain in the right diac fossa, and shudded upon pressing The hand upon it, the skin is generally dry and burning; Sometimes the body is covered over with sweat; the longue is dry and thick, Sometimes cracked, and is protruded tremulously and with difficulty; Sordes upon the tuth, and gums, cough frequently sets in, Either dry, or accompanied with Expectoration; in some cases thereis great oppression of the chest; the patient most always lays on the back, and slipping involuntary down in the bed; Subsultus Tendenum, or Spasmode motion of the upper extremeties; The pulse becomes quick and small, and is compressible, and varies from

90 to 120 in a minute. The body Emils a peculiar musty cadaverous odour, and characteristic of this affection. The wine is scanty, high coloured, and generally deposits a Sedament; rose coloured Spots, about as large as a fins head, and slightly clevated above the Surface of the Skin, make there ofpeace on the chest and abdomen. Audamina are Small transparent besides and generally found on the neck, and upper part of the trunk. These Symptoms Continue to Increase until the case either turninate favorably or unfavorably if favorably the pulse becomes fuller, and Stronger, and hees frequent, the longue becomes moist and gradually cleans off; the sluper and

delerium subside, the appetite returnes and Convalescence takes place. If the case terminates unfavorably the pulse becomes slower, and flutering, and scarely perceptable; the extremelies become Cold, Sometimes the whole Surface of the body is convered with clamery Sweat, hiccough Sets in, and life is quickly Estinguished. Antomical Characters. Most of the organs in the body show Some signs of Inflammation after death, but the organs most affected and show the existance of the disease, are the Glands of Leyer, and Brunner, Mesentery glands and the mucus membrane of the Shrum, between the affected glands, Menation is found in its

various stages, and when the process Is completed the whole patch constitute one ulcer. In some instance the floor of the when is the museular coat, in others it is the peritoneal coat, in consequence of the distruction of the muscular coat; Sometimes the perstoneal coat is found perfurated So as to form a Communication with the Carily of the peritonaeum. Serfuration is frequently found, sometimes there is one, two, of three openings. The perfuration is produced either by the progress of ulcuration, or by mortification. The mucus membrane becomes reddened, enlarged, and softsned, and sometimes exhibits traces of pus.

Diagnosis. The diagnostic symptoms of The affec-- tion are, clark and dry, thickley coaled tongue, protructed with difficulty, chowsiness, Stupor, and extreme debility; hose coloured Spots on the Skin, Suclamina, Epistafes, Spasmodie movements, or permannent contraction of the muscles of the different parts of the body, dark thick Lordes on the teeth, churchoca or Constibution, When more or less of These symptoms cochist in the same person, we cannot doubt but he is attack with Typhoid Flever. Trograsis. The prognosis under Homocopathic treatment is favorable.

Treatment.

The first or forming stage of this disease calls for the following remedies. Aconite, Belludonna, Bryonia, Pulsatilla, Rug-bom, Mercuries, Specacuanha, Veratium, Rus Tof.

When inflammatory Symptons show themselves at the commencement of the disease, aconite is the best remedy should there be full and strong pulse, coated tongue, chills alternating with heat. If there should be great pain in the head, with flushed face qual restlessness, Bella donna may be alternated with aconite.

If gastrie Lymptoms Set in Luch as Mausia, vomiting, watery Gellow or greenish concuation, with Considerable

Shivering, and slight heat; Specacuanha may be given, or Sulsatilla may be given at this Stage of the disorder, when there is bitter laste, whitish longue, loss of appetite, absence of thirst, more particularly if they occur in mild and Symphatice Constitution. beratium is indicated when the disease commences with vomiting, and watery stools, with coldness of the limbs, and cold sweat. Mercures is indicated when the Evacnations are frequent, tratery, mucus or Langunious stools, with pain in the abdomen, and tenesmus, more fregwent at night. Muy born is indicated when there is gastric or biliones symptoms, constipation

with frequent inclination to evacuate, spasms of the rectum, nervous efcitability, Sensa tion as if the limbs were brussed, painful and difficult Emission of Unine. Jayonia is indicated where there is de--terium, gellow coaled tongow, Mausea, In-Clination to vomit, swelling of the abdomen with tenderness, wine dark and scanly, shooting frain in the chest, with offression and cough with diarrhoea. Thus Top is called for in all stages of the disease, but more particularly in the second stage of the disease, where the following symptoms show themselves; the pulse small and frequent, longue dry and red, or dark coated, protuded tremulously, sordes upon the teeth and lips, Constibation or dear hoea, long h

frequent, and dry, continual delerium or dull muttering, Subsultus tendinum, Epistalis, Ludamina. The other remedies used in the Second Stage are, arsenicum, Gelladonna, Bryonia, Hozoscy amus, Prosbhouce acid, Ferrum, Opium vc. arsenicum, Thos- acid and Ferrum are more particularly indicated when there is quat prostration, with copius lequid stools, proceeded by extrume fubleness, (Ferrum) with great thirst, abdomen swelled and tympanitic, retension of wrine, parched, cracked, dry and blackish longue, pulse frequent intermettant, and scarsely perceptable. The symptoms of Dryonia have been dis-Cribed in the fust stage.

Gelladonna is particularly indicated where there is great restlessness, the patient gets but of bed, brolentdeterum, redness of the face, longue red and cracked, wrine involuntary, subsultus tendinum, drowsiness with--out Sleep, pulse intermittant. Openen is used with success in profound loma, snowing, deep sleep, slow pulse, muttering, dry longue, involuntary Hogoscyamus is used where there is great restlessness, and pecking at the bed clothes. There are also other remedies used but there are the principal, and most important.